



MINISTÉRIO DA EDUCAÇÃO
UNIVERSIDADE FEDERAL DE PELOTAS
FACULDADE DE AGRONOMIA ELISEU MACIEL
DEPARTAMENTO DE ZOOTECNIA
PROGRAMA DE PÓS-GRADUAÇÃO EM ZOOTECNIA



Beef and Dairy Cattle Nutrition in South Brazil: Reality and Research Perspectives

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NUPEEC - Center for Research, Teaching and Extension in Animal Science



DO YOU KNOW

BRAZIL?





BRAZIL



- 86.7% of USA territory;
- Population → ~192 million (2010); USA (308 million);
- 8th world's largest economy (the largest in Latin America);
- Brazilian exportation: coffee, soybean, **beef**, sugar cane, ethanol and **frozen chickens**;



Rio Grande do Sul State



Gaucho



Porto Alegre (State capital)

Brazil = 27 states



Pelotas - UFPel

Crioulo horse

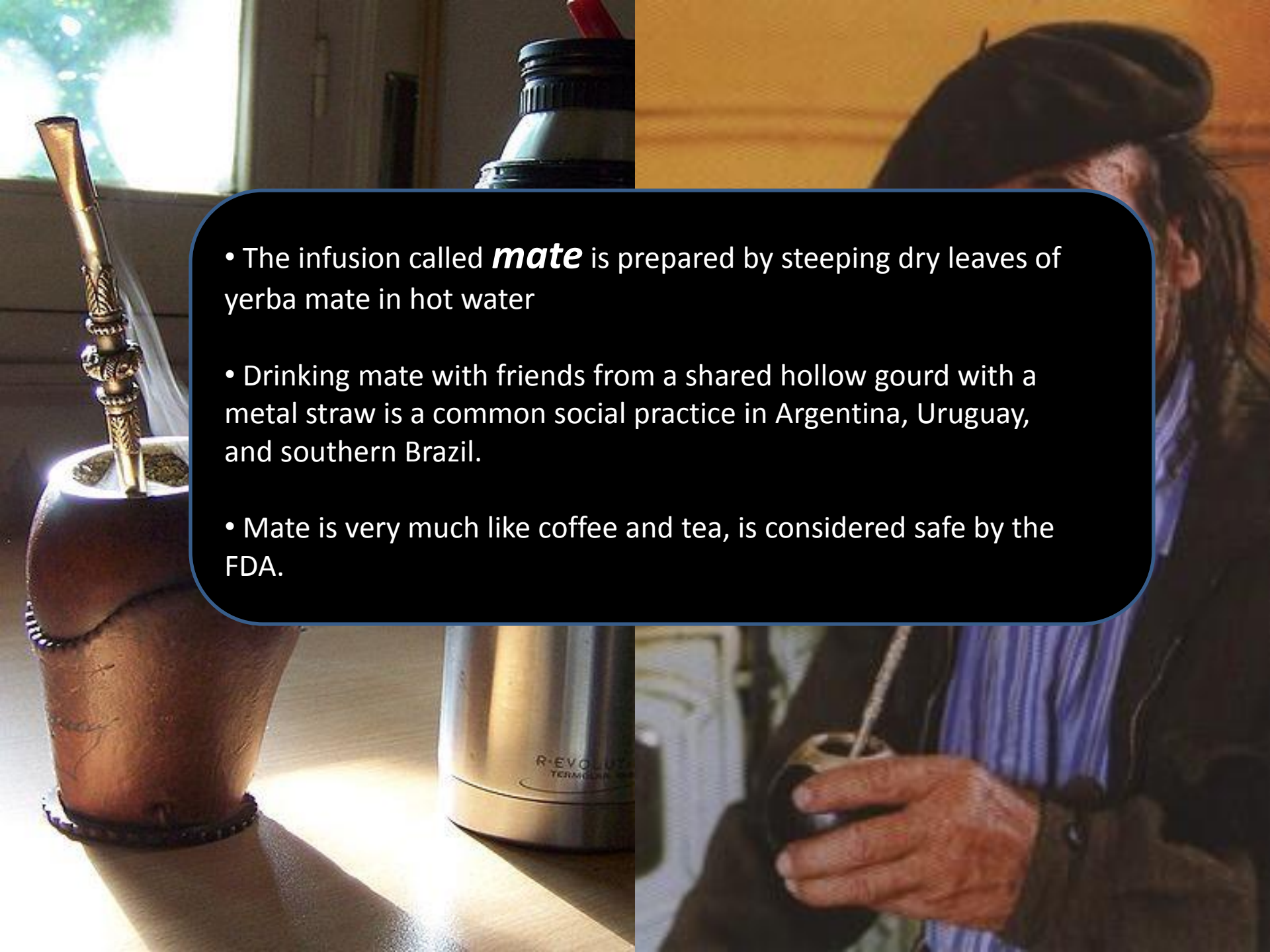
<http://www.crioulohorse.com/>









- 
- The infusion called ***mate*** is prepared by steeping dry leaves of yerba mate in hot water
 - Drinking mate with friends from a shared hollow gourd with a metal straw is a common social practice in Argentina, Uruguay, and southern Brazil.
 - Mate is very much like coffee and tea, is considered safe by the FDA.

Livestock



Beef
~ 12 million



Beef Cattle Characteristics in RS State:

Beef Cattle Characteristics in RS State:

- 43% of farmers do full cycle;
- 21.9% cow-calf enterprise;
- 21.3% finishing cattle;
- 13.9% stockers (heifers and steers);

Beef Cattle Characteristics in RS State:

Farm average area → 949 ha (2344 acres)

Genetics composition → European cattle predominance, but more than 30 crossbreed types

Nutrition → 73.8% of farmers feed only native pastures

Early Weaning → 16% of farmers

Beef Cattle Characteristics in RS State:

Natural Breeding → 98.8% in multiparous cows and 90% in heifers

Pregnance detection → 50% of farmers

Breeding Season → End of Spring and during summer (14% all year)

Beef Cattle Characteristics in RS State:

Calf crop → 57.1% (100% to 11.1%)

Average age at first breeding → 28 months (11 to 48 months)

Average age at slaughter → 30 months (14 to 44 months)

Average age cull cows → 8.9 years (6 to 15 years)

Native pastures



Stocking rate: 315 kg/ha or 281 lb/acre



Rye Grass (Azevem)

(Lolium multiflorum Lam)

- Most common winter grass used in RS;
- Easy adaptability in all most every area of the state;
- Intermediate price;
- First choice of all most farmers for winter;

Rye Grass + White clover

(Lolium multiflorum Lam + Trifolium repens)



Projeto CAPIM



Bird's foot trefoil “Cornichao”

(*Lotus corniculatus*)



Black Oat

(*Avena strigosa* Schreb)



Stock pile “grass reserve”

(Diferimento or invernada)



- Only quantity; no quality
- The area is closed during the end of summer then open for animals during the winter

Crop Livestock Interaction (crop residue)



- Rice
- Soybean



Rice Straw





Rice Straw + Mineral Salt + Urea





Soybean → Rye grass

Planting ryegrass to take advantage of the N fixed by soybean



IN

BRAZIL...

Climate is the driver

- **Understand the tropical rain system is mandatory**
- **All the central area of Brazilian territory has well defined dry and wet season**
- **In South Brazil the winter has the same effect**



The rain incidence and/or the cold will delimitate when pasture based production is possible or not!



Feed alternatives



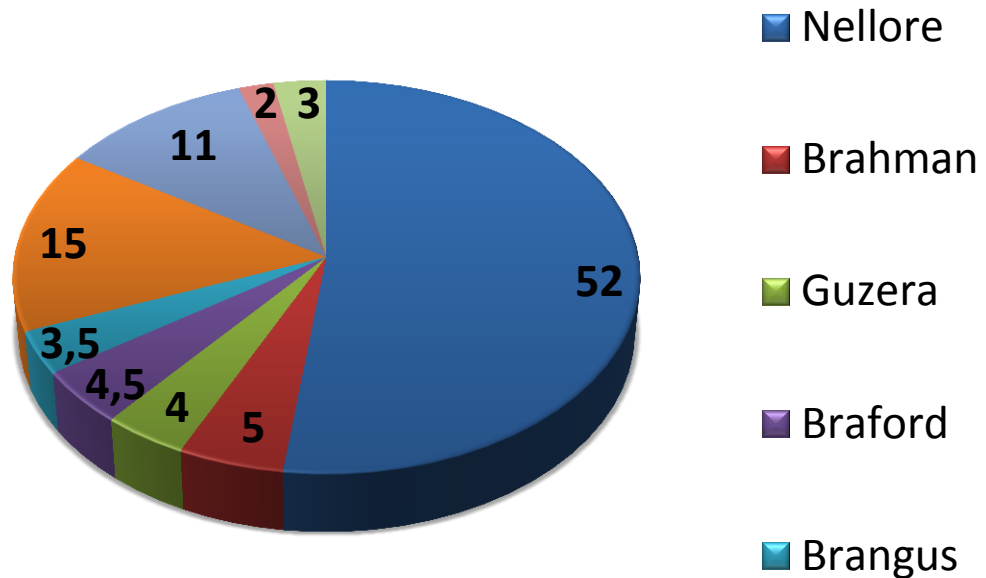
Beef production



- **Cattle spend most of their lives grazing tropical pastures, which often leads to slaughter older animals;**
- **The production cycle from birth to market averages 36 months;**
- **Brazilian cattle are fed in feedlots mostly during the dry season, when pasture availability is decreased;**
- **More than 80% of Brazilian cattle feeders include at least one type of co-product in the diet.**

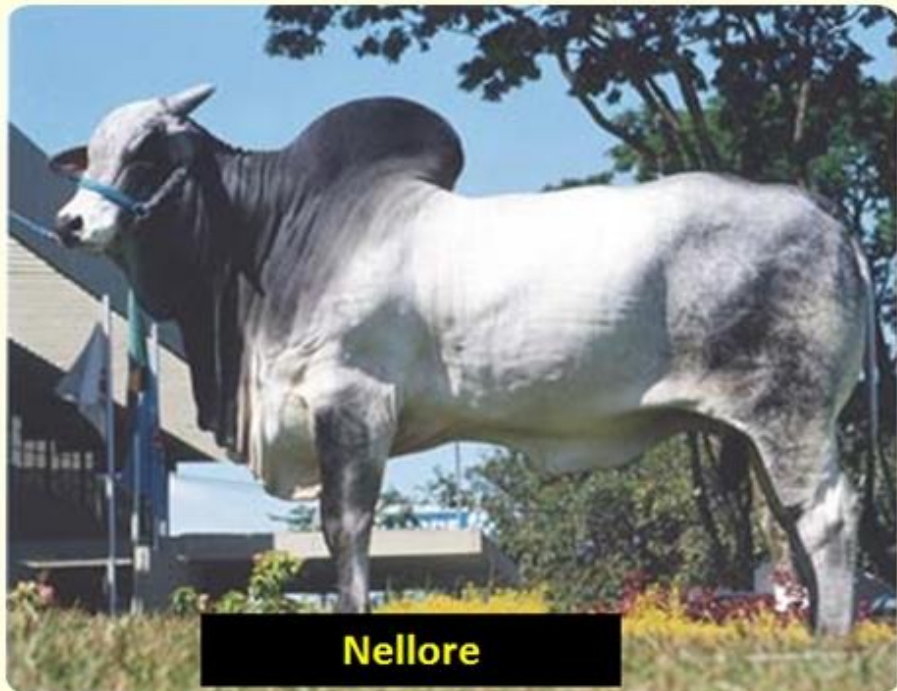
Beef production

- ~ 200 million heads;
- ~ 85% *Bos indicus* (zebu) plus crosses



Beef Production in Western Brazil

- Mato Grosso State
- Mato Grosso do Sul State
- Goiás State
- Minas Gerais State



Nellore



Gyr



Brahman



Guzera



Beef Production in Southern Brazil

- Rio Grande do Sul State
- Santa Catarina State
- Paraná State





Beef production

➤ **Feedlots operations are utilized just to finish beef cattle to achieve a minimum of 4 mm of fat cover**

Categories	Days to finish
Bulls	83.6
Steers	74.0
Heifers	67.5
Cull cows	57.4

Millen et al (2009) → Study conducted with 31 feedlot cattle nutritionists different feeding periods

Beef production

Agribusiness



**42 % = Beef
production**



23 billion dollars



CEPEA / Esalq, 2012



Challenges in beef cattle production

- **Increase in soybean crops**
- **Standardization in beef cattle breeds**
- **Nutritional management**
- **Health issues**

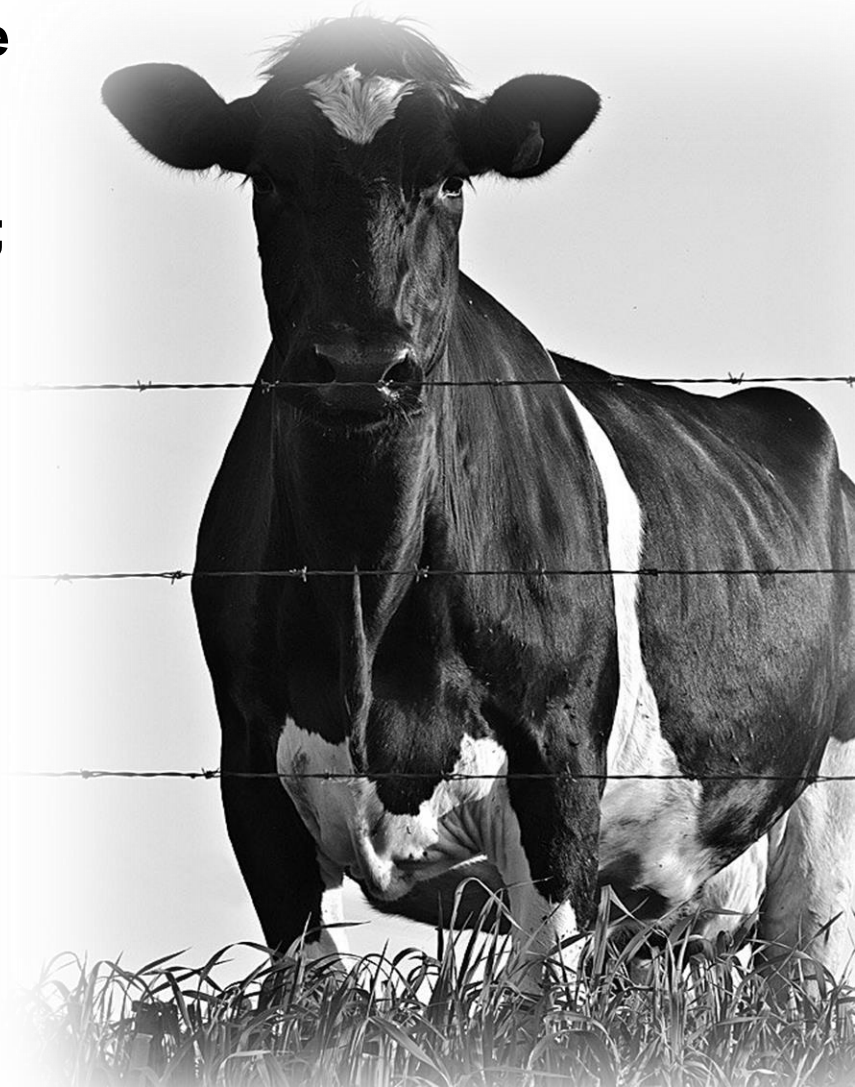


Brazilian Dairy Cattle Production

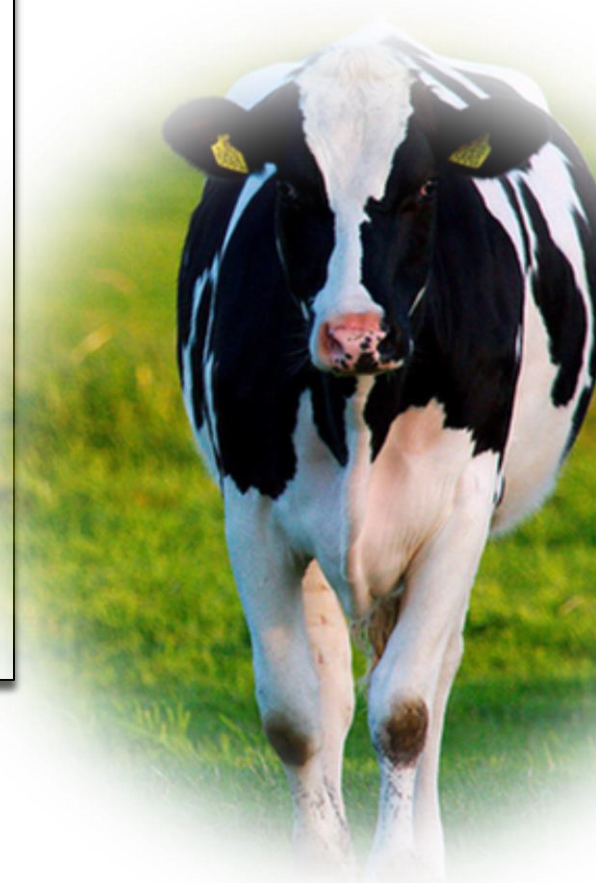
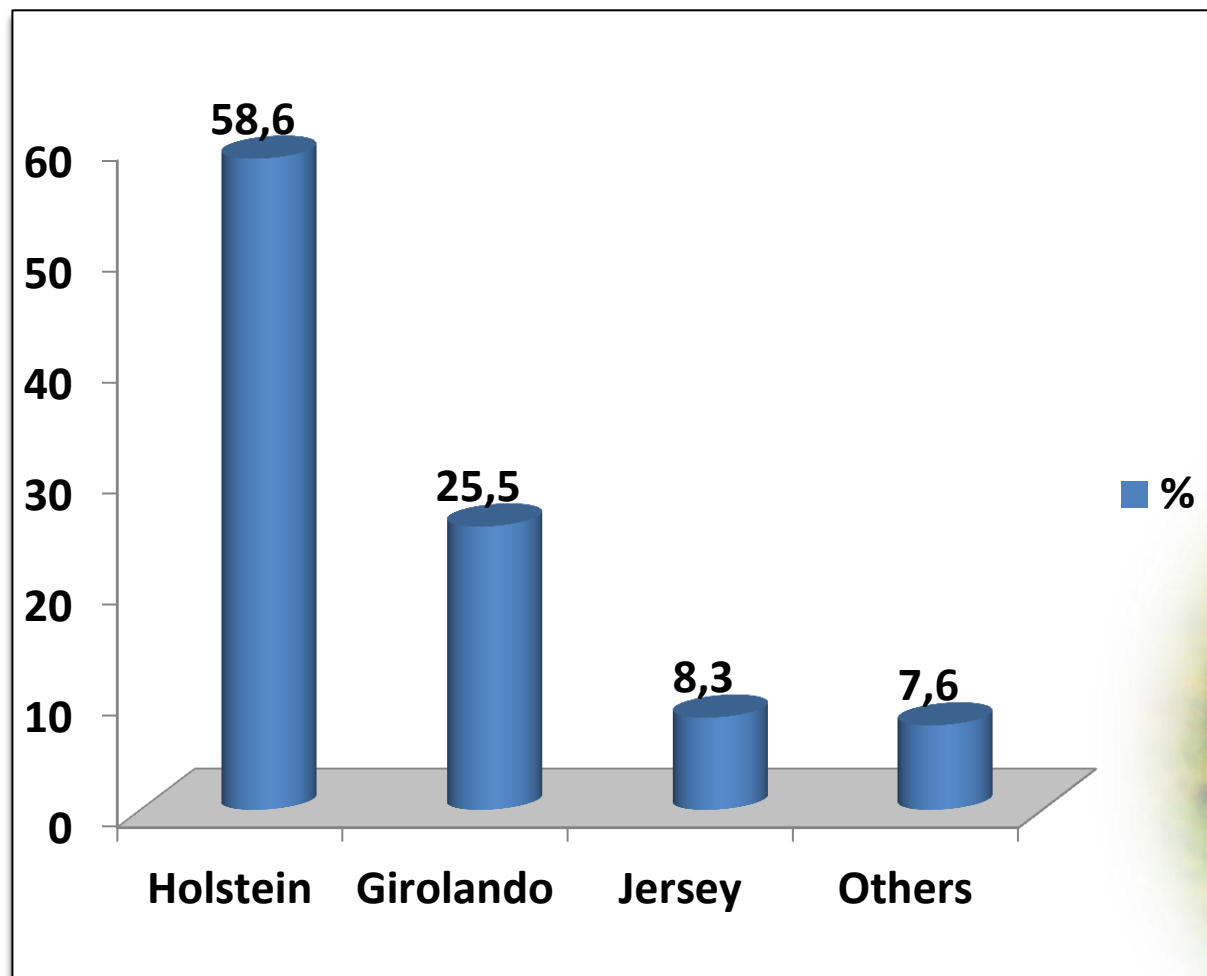


Investments priorities for the producers:

- 1. Nutrition (Feed, grasses, alternative feeds, supplements);**
- 2. Buy animals/replacement animals;**
- 3. Sanity/Health care;**
- 4. Genetics (Sires);**
- 5. Milking equipments;**
- 6. Fences;**
- 7. Tractors and other machines;**
- 8. Silage equipments;**
- 9. Facilities;**



Breeds (%)

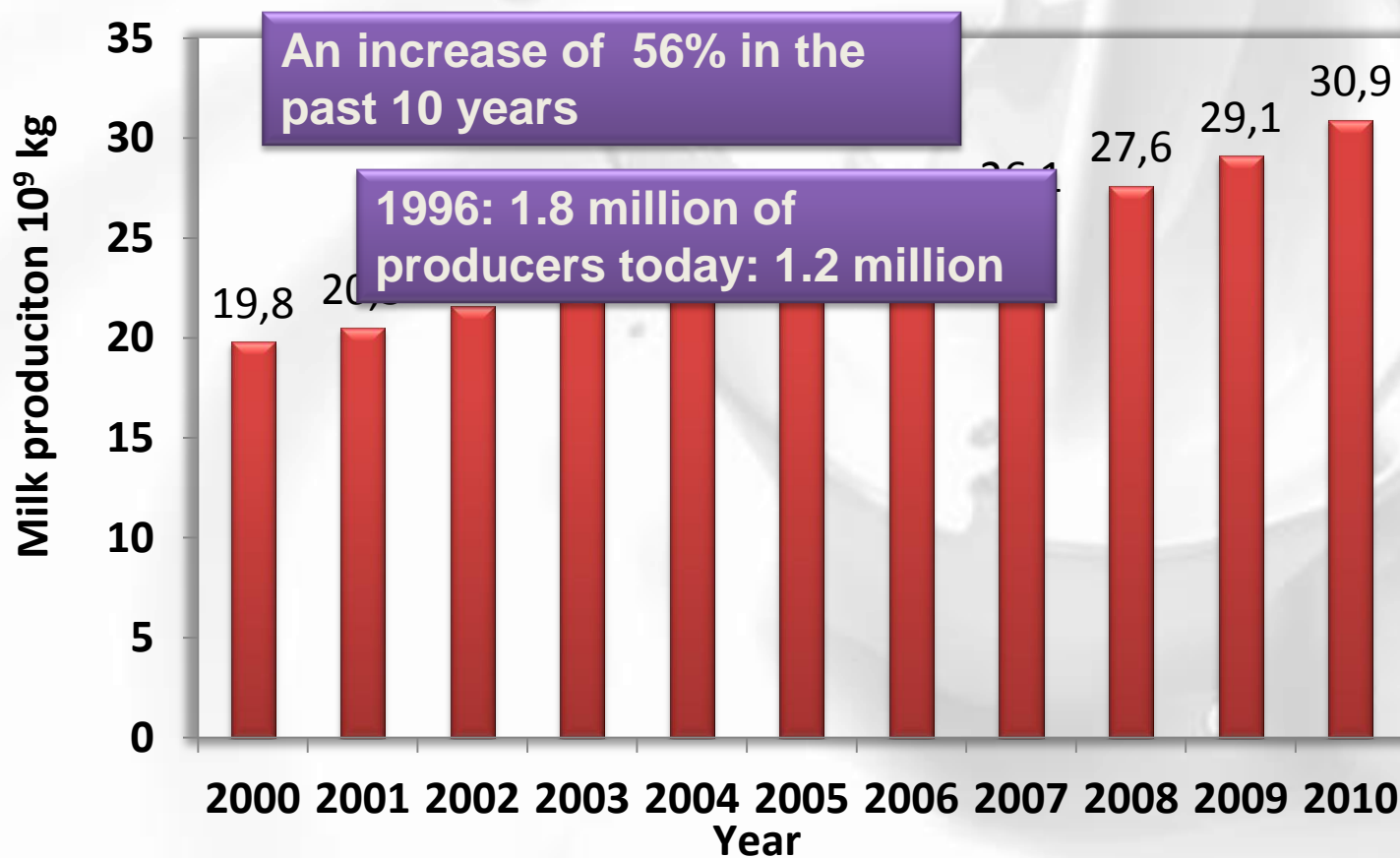






Brazilian Dairy Cattle Production

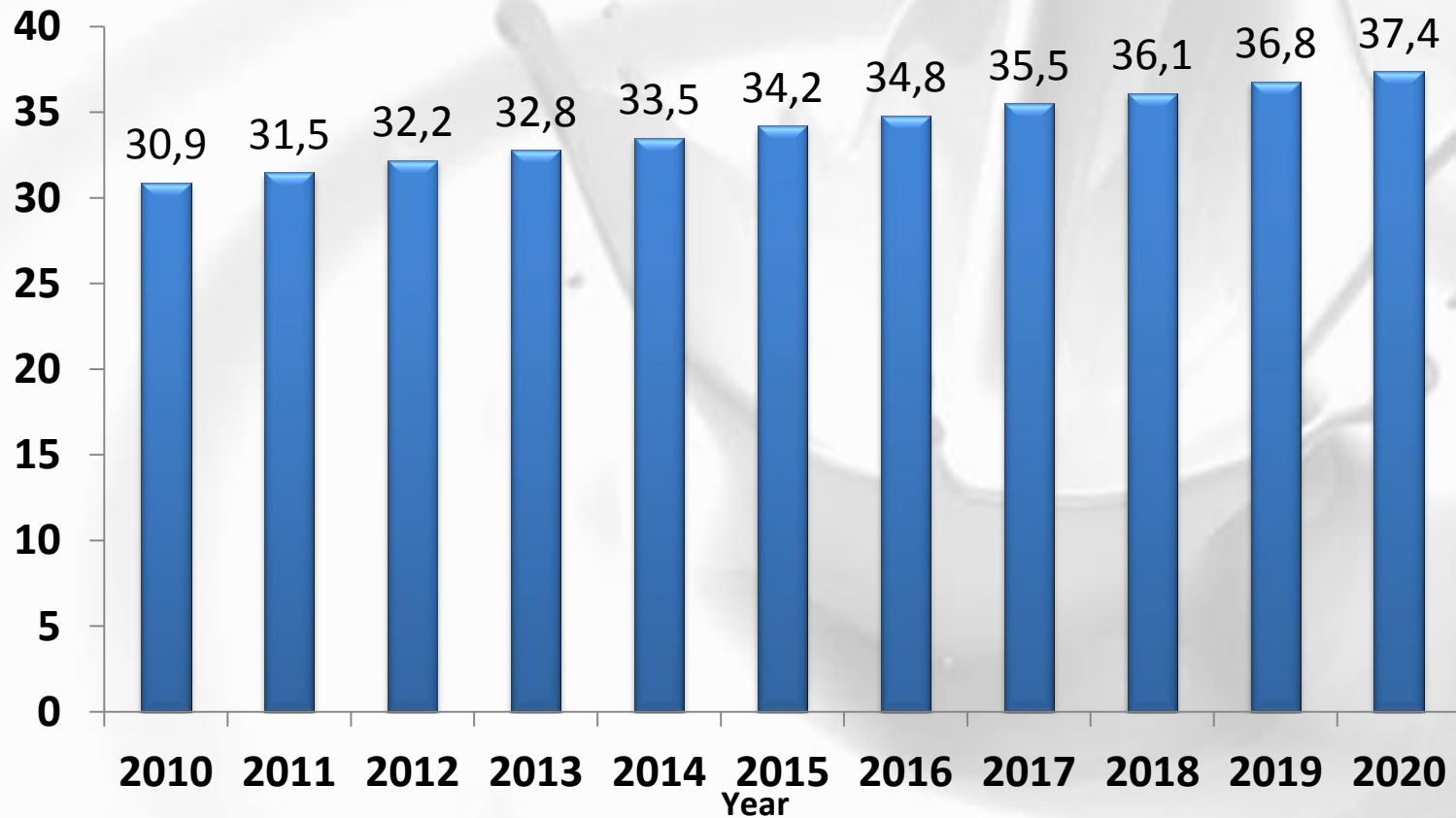
Milk production (Billions Liters)



Brazilian Milk Production

Prediction for the next 10 years

Milk production (Billions Liters)





Pasture based milk production

Southern Brazilian

RS





The **Pampa** are the fertile South American lowlands that include the East Argentine provinces, Uruguay and the southernmost end of Brazil, the Rio Grande do Sul, covering more than 750,000 km² (289,577 sq mi).



[illegible]

South Georgia and the South Sandwich Islands
(administered by U.K.,
claimed by ARGENTINA)

Livestock

- **Soybean**
- **Corn**
- **Rice**
- **Wheat**
- **Grape**
- **Tobacco leaf**
- **Potato**
- **Cassava**

- **Beef**
- **Dairy**
- **Swine**
- **Poultry**
- **Sheep**



Goals

- **Scenarios and situation of Brazilian beef and dairy production**
- **NUPEEC**
- **Research results**
- **Opportunities to research**

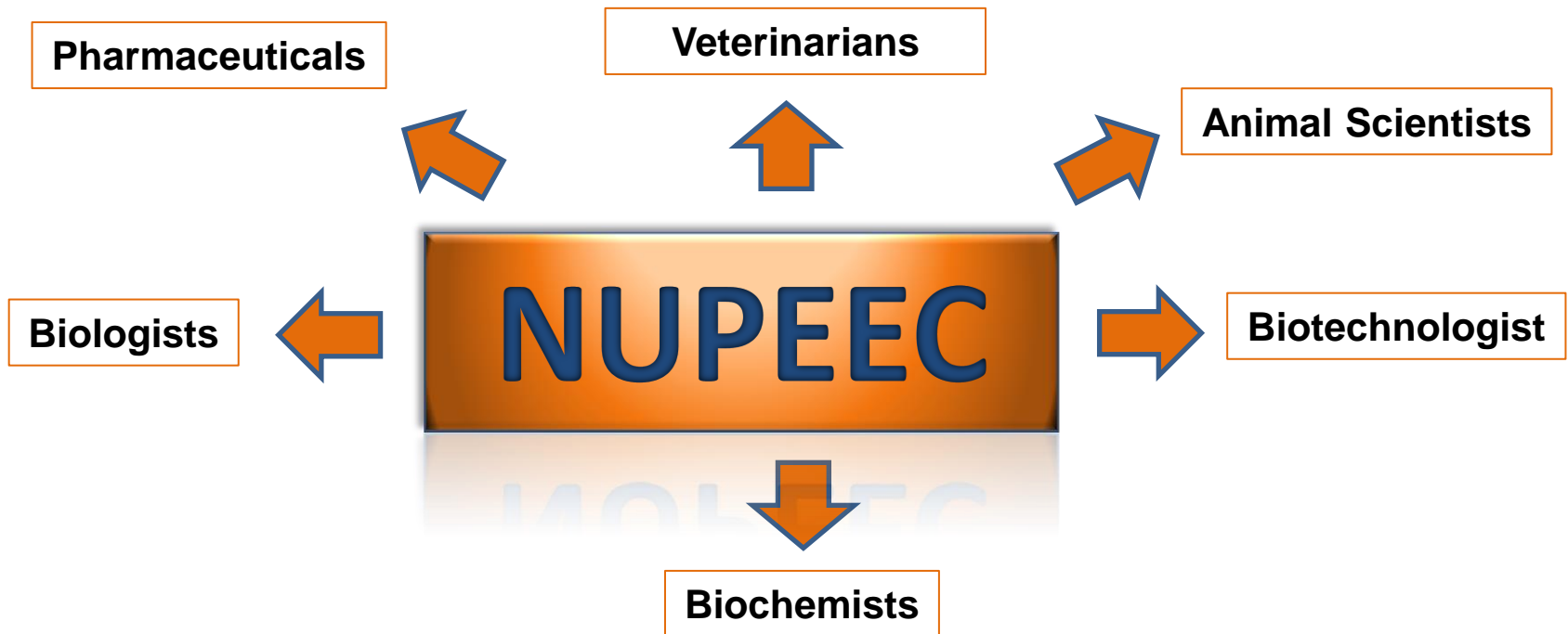




Center for Research, Teaching and Extension in Animal Science



Our System





Where we work at...



Research



Teaching



Extension



The team



www.ufpel.edu.br/nupeec

Nosso time...



The selection



The team



- Researches:
 - 4 Professors
 - 2 Vet Clinics
 - 1 Nutrition and Reproduction
 - 1 Biochemistry
- Pós-docs = 03
- PhD = 07
- Master = 14
- Undergrads = 28

Total = 56 people



28/08/2010
sábado
14h às 17h30

**Interação entre sanidade,
nutrição e reprodução
no peri parto de vacas**

Seminário Técnico

PROGRAMAÇÃO:

14h às 14h15
Abertura – Apresentação da NUPEEC

14h15 às 14h45
Palestra – Transtornos Clínicos no Peri-parto em Vacas: impactos nos desempenhos produtivo e reprodutivo (Dr. Marcio Nunes Corrêa)

14h45 às 14h50
Espaço interativo para perguntas

14h50 às 15h05
Divulgação dos cursos NUPEEC

15h05 às 15h35
Palestra – Interações entre Nutrição e Reprodução em Bovinos (Dr. Eduardo Schmitt)

15h35 às 15h40
Espaço interativo para perguntas

15h40 às 16h15
Lançamento de Livros e do novo site do NUPEEC

16h15 às 16h45
Palestra – Desafios para otimizar o Desempenho Reprodutivo de Vacas no Pós-parto (Dr. Luiz Francisco M. Pfeifer)

16h45 às 17h15
Mesa Redonda com os palestrantes

17h15 às 17h30
Encerramento

**Local: Auditório da Secretaria da Agricultura
Parque da Expointer
Esteio – RS**

Promoção: Núcleo de Pesquisa, Ensino e Extensão em Pecuária (NUPEEC) da Faculdade de Medicina Veterinária da Universidade Federal de Pelotas (UFPEL)

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Realização: 22 de Setembro

II SEMINÁRIO TÉCNICO

**Interação entre sanidade,
nutrição e reprodução
no periparto de vacas**

**27/08/2011
14h30 às 18h**

**Local: Parque Assis Brasil
Expointer – Esteio – RS**

As inscrições são gratuitas e podem ser realizadas pelo e-mail seminarioupeec@gmail.com no período de 01 à 20 de agosto de 2011.

Informações: www.ufpel.edu.br/nupeec ou pelo fone 053 3275-7136.

PALESTRAS:

Importância da nutrição no período de transição de vacas leiteiras sob a ótica genômica
Ph.D. Prof. Juan J. Llor
(University of Illinois, EUA)

Perspectivas da Cadeia Produtiva do Leite no Brasil e no Mundo
Rafael Ribeiro de Lima Filho
(Scott Consultoria, São Paulo)

Transtornos metabólicos no periparto de vacas e seus impactos na reprodução
Ph.D. Prof. W. Ronald Butler
(Cornell University, EUA)

Realização:

 Núcleo de Pesquisa, Ensino e Extensão em Pecuária (NUPEEC) - Faculdade de Medicina Veterinária da Universidade Federal de Pelotas (UFPEL) - www.ufpel.edu.br/nupeec

Apoiar:

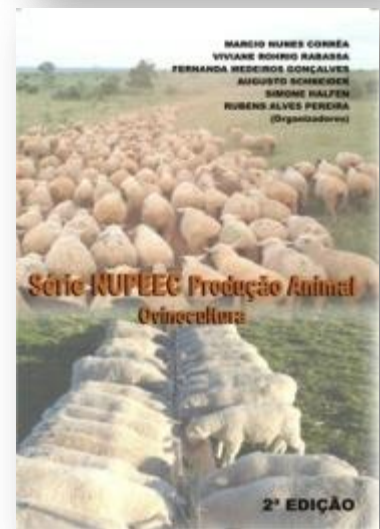
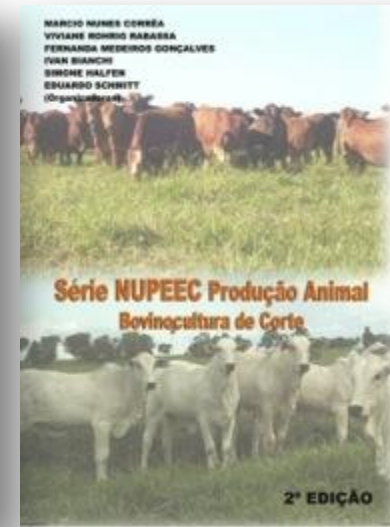
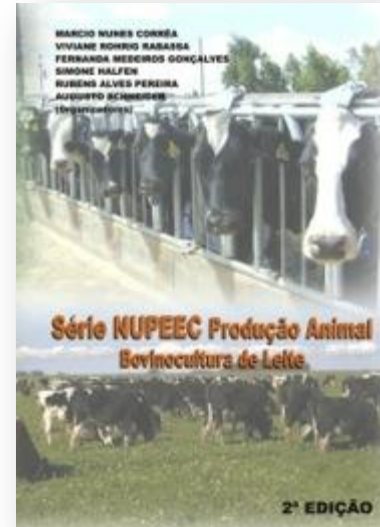
November: IV

Cursos

Módulos (Carga horária):

Módulo 1: Assistência e Gestão (24h)
Módulo 2: Sanidade (12 a 24h)
Módulo 3: Nutrição (12 a 24h)
Módulo 4: Manejo Reprodutivo (12 a 24h)
Módulo 5: Diagnóstico e Experimentação (12-24h)
Módulo 6: Ultrassonografia (24h)

November: IV Technical Seminar



Thank you!

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